

DROUGHT UPDATE



















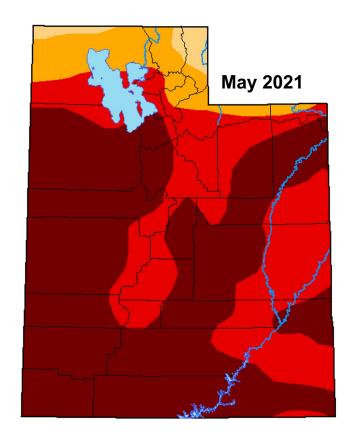




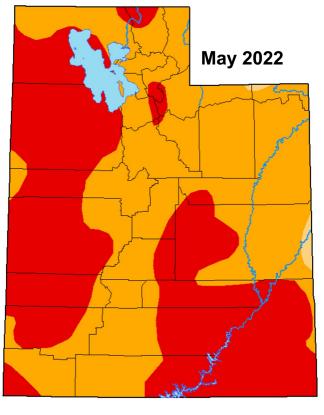




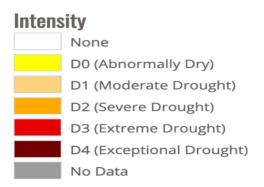
U.S. Drought Monitor Map



90% in "Extreme" and 58% in "Exceptional" "Exceptional" drought is expected to occur only once every 100 years



99.47% in "Severe" or "Extreme"



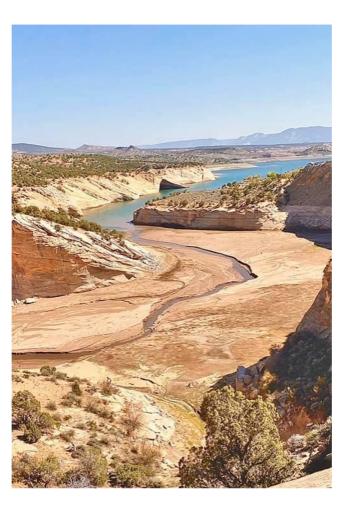


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Current Drought Conditions (as of 5-17-22)

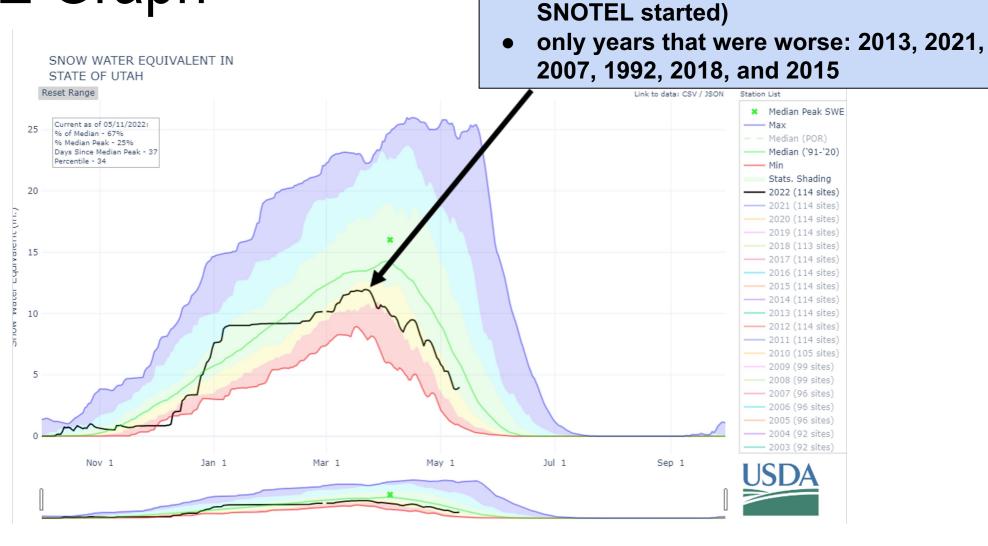
- Peak snowpack was 25% below normal; peaked 2 weeks early
- Statewide snow water equivalent was 12 inches (16 inches is typical)
- 48% of streams are flowing
 below or much below normal
- Runoff forecasts are low







SWE Graph



This year's peak snowpack:

March 22nd (2 weeks early)

Ranks 36th (out of 42 years since

12.0"





JORDANELLE RESERVOIR LEVEL COMPARISON

AUGUST 2019 APRIL 2022



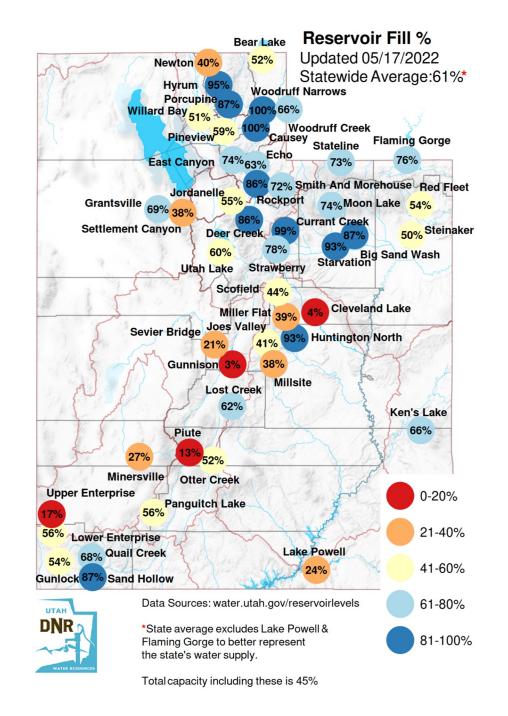
About 95% of Utah's water comes from snowpack. Reservoirs collect and store spring runoff for drinking and irrigation and provide minimum flows for fish health.

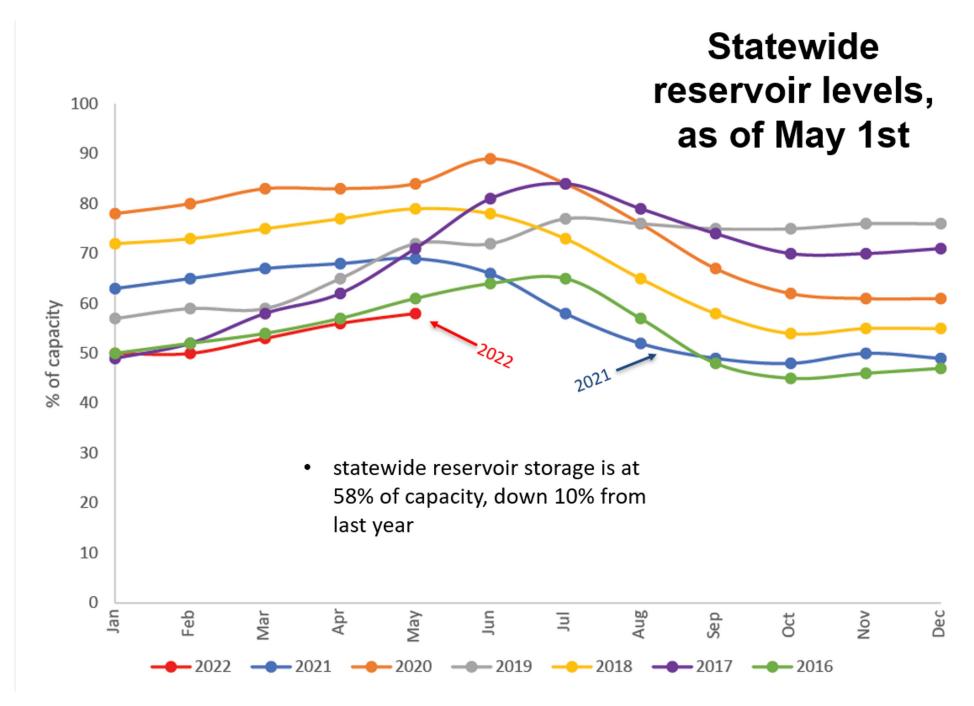
Reservoir Levels

- Statewide storage is 61% of capacity. This time last year, reservoirs were about 67% of capacity
- Conditions vary throughout the state
- Reservoirs vary in size some storing a year's worth of water and some storing multiple year's
- This water is used for drinking water, irrigation water for farms and ranches, and provides minimum flows essential for fish health depending on the area



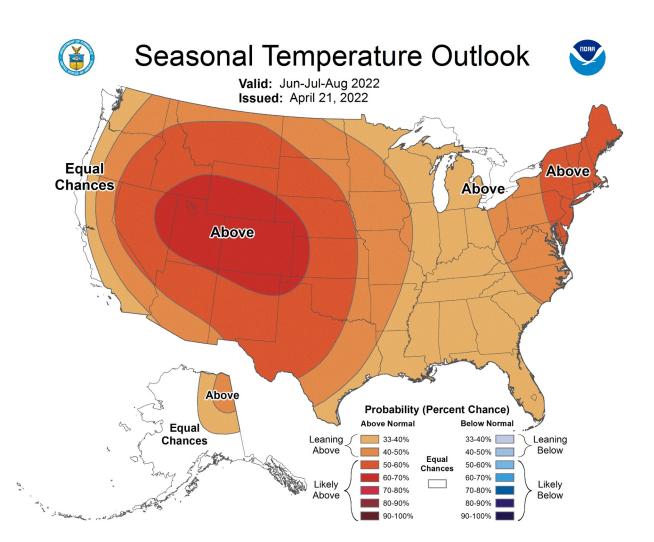
Water from some smaller reservoirs is only used for agriculture

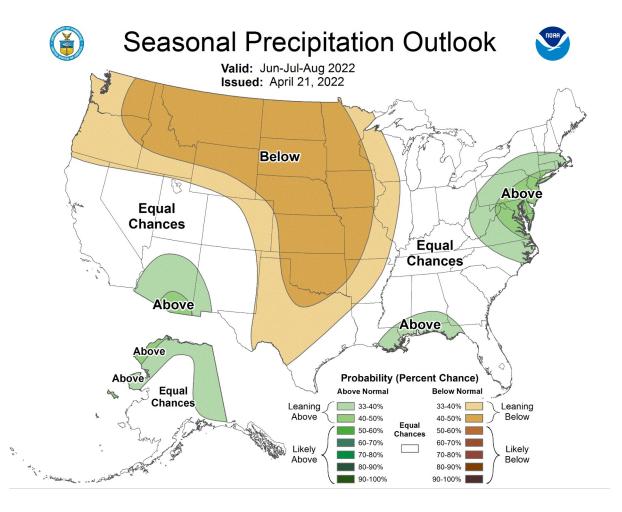






Seasonal Outlook





Great Salt Lake

- Hit a record low July 2021 and bottomed out in mid-October before fall storms moved in and seasonal irrigation ended
- Usually rises about 2 feet with spring runoff.
 In 2021, it only increased less than a foot.
 2022 has seen a similar rise
- Likely reach a new historic low by this fall
- Receding levels impact air quality, snowpack, economy, wildlife, and overall quality of life
- If the lake drops 2 feet this year, an additional
 57 square miles of lakebed will be exposed





Wildfire Season

- Wildfires are currently burning in neighboring states
- So far Utah has seen 131 wildfires;
 110 human-caused
- Last year, we asked people to use good Fire Sense
- Human-caused starts decreased 50%
 over 500 wildfires that didn't happen compared to 2020
- Asking for continued vigilance to protect the state from burning



Conservation Measures





Apply for cash rebates today!

Save water. Get money.

UtahWaterSavers.com















Slow the Flow

- Continue the Slow the Flow campaign (digital, traditional media, billboards, yard signs)
- Striving for long-term changes that build drought resilience and stretch the water supply
- Little changes make a big difference
- Trying to avoid message fatigue 'we're always in drought'











Secondary Meters

- \$208 million has been applied for
 - Has to go through Board approval process
- 72 applications, which equals about 145,548 meters
- Metering provides more accurate data for better water planning
- Average water reduction of 20-30%
- 30% of the state's M&I water use is estimated secondary water





THANK YOU

